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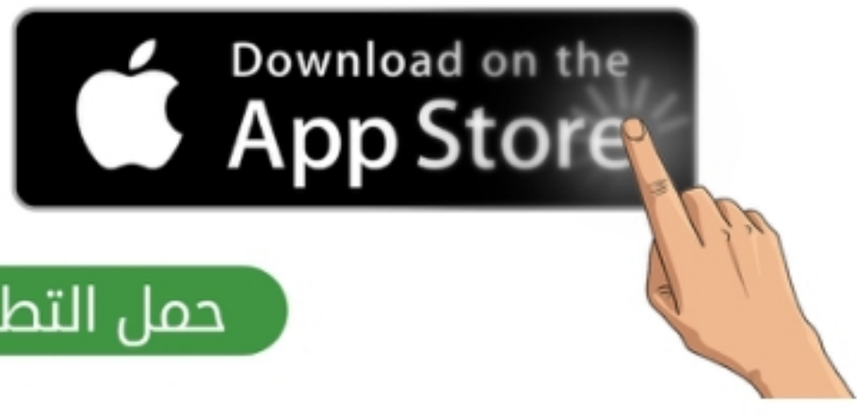


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على الإنترنت ويستطيع الطلاب تصفح حلول الكتب مباشرة
لجميع المراحل التعليمية المختلفة





حمل التطبيق من هنا

English Language LEARNERS

رؤية VISION 2030 وزارة التعليم

Final Revision

المراجعة النهائية فى اللغة الانجليزية

الصف الثالث الثانوى Mega Goal 3



الاسم :

الفصل : /



أ : عماد حمدى

تـ/ ماجستير فى مناهج وطرق تدريس اللغة الانجليزية

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Unit 9 *Beauty Is Only Skin Deep*

Vocabulary

Word	المعنى	Word	المعنى
beauty	جمال	iodine	عنصر اليـود
odor	رائـــحة	varnish	ورنيش / طلاء
wealthy	ثـــرى	well-groomed	أنيق
a red dye	صبغة حمراء	appealing	جذاب
incense	بخـــور / رائحة جميلة	recipe	وصفة

-Complete each sentence with a word from the box:

appealing / extracted / privileged / traced / elements / obsession / synthetic

1. She seems to have an ..... with handbags. She can't stop buying them.
2. The outbreak of food poisoning was ..... to a shipment of bad tomatoes.
3. The scientist ..... genetic information from the skin sample.
4. Iron, copper, oxygen, and carbon are all examples of .....
5. There are no natural materials in this shirt. It's all .....
6. You should feel ..... that you get to attend one of the best universities in the country.
7. The food was left out overnight, so it no longer looked very .....

Grammar

الجملة الاسمية البادئة بـ (that)

-I **think** (**that**) beauty is about what is on the inside of a person.

-She doesn't seem to be ***aware*** (that) her dress is no longer in style.

-**It is obvious (that)** many beauty products contain unhealthy chemicals.

Real Talk

beat around the bush = speak indirectly (غير واضح) يلف ويدور فى الكلام

by far = by very much; obviously من الواضح

fit to be tied = very angry غاضب جدا

did a double take = looked again in surprise يعيد النظر لشخص او شىء بدهشة

blow them away = really impress them يترك انطباع او أثر لديهم / يبهر / يدهش

on the house = free مجانى

Match the words with their meanings:

1. _____ **emerge** يظهر — **a**. idea of perfection
2. _____ **famine** مجاعة — **b**. done from feeling rather than reason or behavior
3. _____ **ideal** مثالى / كامل — **c**. the relationship in size and shape
4. _____ **instinctive** غريزى — **d**. appear
5. _____ **plump** سمين — **e**. something against other things are measured
6. _____ **proportion** تناسب — **f**. change in form; be different from
7. _____ **standards** معايير — **g**. serious food shortage
8. _____ **vary** يتغير/ يتنوع — **h**. slightly overweight

Check answers: **1. d 2. g 3. a 4. b 5. h 6. c 7. e 8. f**

Form, Meaning and Function

مفعول + need to be + تصريف ثالث

-The hairbrushes **need to be produced** more cheaply.

(= Someone needs to produce the hairbrushes more cheaply.)

فاعل + have / get + مفعول + تصريف ثالث

-الجملة السببية / تفيد قيام شخص اخر بالخدمة نيابة عنا .

-I will have/get my hair cut tomorrow.

-استخدام التصريف الثالث كصفات قبل الاسم

.....اسم + تصريف ثالث .....+ فعل + فاعل

break–broken مكسور

-The zipper was **broken**. He fixed the **broken zipper**.

- يستخدم اسم الفاعل المضارع المضاف له ing عندما يكون المعنى مبنى للمعلوم .

-People **arriving** early will be given priority seating.

-يستخدم اسم المفعول الماضى المضاف له ed عندما يكون المعنى مبنى للمجهول .

-The jewelry **stolen** last week has been found.

ينتهى اسم المفعول الماضى ب ed بشكل عام كما يمكن ان ينتهى بـ d/ t /en / n

ويستخدم لوصف شعور الشخص (الحال)

-Mariam and Mona were **excited** about visiting the new store.

اما اسم الفاعل المنتهى دائما بـ ing يصف ما يسبب هذا الشعور .

-Looking at jewelry for a wedding is **exciting.**

-نستخدم الفعل مضافا له ing بعد هذه الروابط وحروف الجر .

-While, before, after, on, without, instead + فعل + ing .....

-**While** working out at the gym, he saw an old school friend.

-**Before** exercising, you should have a medical check up.

Unit 10 *They Said , We Said*

Vocabulary

1-Match each word to its definition:

1. _____ **brilliant** بارع	a. pointing out bad points about (sth) or (sone)ينتقد
2. _____ **circulate** ينشر	b. making fun of تهكم / سخرية
3. _____ **criticism** نقد	c. say complimentary things يمدح / يجامل
4. _____ **praise** يمدح	d. move around يتجول/ يدور
5. _____ **ridicule** سخرية	e. gossip that follows an embarrassing event فضيحة
6. _____ **rumor** اشاعة	f. morally good characteristics فضائل / صفات اخلاقية جيدة
7. _____ **scandal** فضيحة	g. information that comes from gossip**نميمة**
8. _____ **virtues** فضائل	h. exceptional بارع / استثنائى

Check answer:

1. h 2. d 3. a 4. c 5. b 6. g 7. e 8. F

Grammar

الجملة الاسمية فى الكلام المباشر والكلام الغيرمباشر(المنقول)

-He **said ,"** Mark **cheated** on the test **."** جملة خبرية.

⟶ He **said** (**that**) Mark **had cheated** on the test.

-Jane **asked, " Is** the rumor true **?"** سؤال بفعل مساعد

⟶ Jane **asked** her friend **if** the rumor **was** true.

- My friend **said to** me "**Don't spread that rumor**." اوامر وتعليمات

⟶ My friend **told** me **not to spread** that rumor.

Real Talk

split up = stopped being friends ينفصل / يتوقف عن صداقة

on again, off again = something that is not stable غير مستقر

for good = permanently بشكل دائم

behind (someone's) back = without (someone) knowing من دون علم شخص/من خلفه

backstabber = a person who says bad things about person behind his back باب

bad-mouth = to criticize someone to other people ينتقد / يسب / يشتم

Reading

-Match the words with their meanings:

1. _____ **confidential** سرى — a. better than others
2. _____ **derogatory** ازدرائى — b. not vulnerable to being affected by something
3. _____ **divulge** يفشى سر — c. done or communicated in secret
4. _____ **excluding** يستبعد — d. deliberately harmful
5. _____ **immune** حصين / منيع — e. showing lack of respect
6. _____ **malicious** شرير — f. leaving out
7. _____ **superior** اعلى منزلة — g. tell something that was secret

Check answer : 1. c 2. e 3. g 4. f 5. b 6. d 7. a

Form, Meaning and Function

تستخدم لاعطاء النصيحة بمعنى يجب ان / من الافضل ان .....

ought to / had better / should + مصدر + فاعل -

-We should vote for him!- We ought not to vote for that candidate.

-We had better vote for someone else.

Ability القدرة

-Can you keep a secret ? Yes I can. / No, I can't.

-Is he able to discover who started the rumor? Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.

Obligation and Necessity الالزام والضرورة

-You must stop gossiping. You should talk about events and not about people!

Unit 11 Express Yourself

Vocabulary

-Match each word to its synonym:

1. _____ **acquire** يتعلم	a. single
2. _____ **consecutive** مستمر/ متتابع	b. gigantic
3. _____ **currently** حاليا	c. learn
4. _____ **extinct** ميت /منقرض	d. regularly
5. _____ **immense** ضخم / هائل	e. dead
6. _____ **routinely** بصورة منتظمة	f. presently
7. _____ **solitary** فردى / وحيد	g. continuous

Grammar

الجمل الوصفية وضمائر الوصل

-I know a person **who / that** speaks three languages. للعاقل

-The language **which / that** he speaks at home is Spanish. لغير العاقل (حيوان / جماد ....)

-The teacher **(who[m])** I like best is my language professor. مفعول عاقل

Real Talk

jam packed = very crowded مزدحم

elbow (one's) way = make one's way through a crowd using some physical force يشق طريقه بالقوة

munchies = crunchy junk foods مأكولات سريعة

deal with = put up with يتحمل

bite = snack وجبة خفيفة

Reading

-Match the words with their meanings:

1. _____ **evolve** يتغير / يتطور	a. *lack of ability*
2. _____ **exception** استثناء	b. *shown to have exclusive legal ownership*
3. _____ **fictitious** خيالى	c. *not favoring one side or the other*
4. _____ **humanitarian** انسانى / خير	d. *develop and change*
5. _____ **limitations** قيود	e. *honorable*
6. _____ **neutral** حيادى	f. *devoted to improving all people's lives*
7. _____ **noble** كريم	g. *make-believe, not real*
8. _____ **trademarked** علامة تجارية	h. *different from what is expected*

Check answers:

1-d 2-h 3-g 4-f 5-a 6-c 7-e 8-b

Form, Meaning and Function

Will or Be Going To

تستخدم للتعبير عن المستقبل ويأتى بعدها المصدر

-**Will** people **speak** Arabic? I guess so. / I don't think so.

-**Are** we **going to learn** Chinese at school? I think so. / I hope so. / I hope not.

Future Progressive المستقبل المستمر

فاعل + will + be + فعل + ing

-**Will** you **be working** on the weekend?

-**Are** they **going to be taking** the test, too?

If-Clause الحالة الثانية تشير الى مواقف خيالية فى الوقت الحاضر

-If I **studied** know foreign languages, I **would travel** around Europe.

Wish/If only تعبر عن مواقف تخيلية / غير حقيقية

-I wish/If only I **knew** more foreign languages. مضارع

-I wish/If only my parents **would** let me go. مستقبل

Unit 12 *Lost and Found*

Vocabulary

لايقدر بثمن invaluable / كنز treasure / يستسلم surrender / سيء السمعة notorious / يحفظ Preserve
رأى theory ينتقم revenge

1. We should do whatever we can to ..... our historic monuments.

2. The burglars tried to steal the woman's jewelry, but she wouldn't ..... without a fight.

3. My ..... is that people search for gold not because they want to get rich, but because it is exciting.

4. The police were finally able to catch the ..... bank robbers.

5. The explorers found a ..... worth millions of dollars that had been buried for hundreds of years.

6. Even though Lisa borrowed and lost her favorite earrings, Beth knew it was an accident and so she didn't try to get .....

7. The collection of the Egyptian Museum in Cairo is .....

Grammar

Using Where and When in Adjective Clauses التعبير عن المكان والزمان

-Last year I visited the city **where** Moctezuma's treasure is said to be buried. مكان

-Last year I visited the city **in which** Moctezuma's treasure is said to be buried. مكان

-Last year I visited the city **that** Moctezuma's treasure is said to be buried in.مكان

-Last Monday was the day (**when**) I found a SAR 100 bill on the street.زمان

-Last Monday was the day **on which** I found a SAR 100 bill on the street. زمان

Using Whose in Adjective Clauses التعبير عن الملكية

-Tutankhamun was a pharaoh. **<u>His</u>** story is the most interesting to me.

-Tutankhamun was **the pharaoh <u>whose</u> story** is the most interesting to me.

Real Talk

eating = bothering يضايق / يغضب

down in the dumps = feeling sad and disappointed يشعر بالحزن وخيبة الامل

hit the roof = be very angry غاضب بشدة

bent out of shape = upset, agitated منفعل / مرتبك

vanished into thin air = disappeared without a trace يختفى بلا أثر

Reading

Match the words with their meanings:

1. _____ **accustomed** معتاد ان	a. someone who determines the value of something
2. _____ **appraiser** شخص مقدر	b. real
3. _____ **astronomer** عالم فلك	c. stuck between two things
4. _____ **authentic** حقيقى / اصلى	d. used to
5. _____ **stumble upon** يجد بالصدفة	e. find something by chance
6. _____ **wedged** عالق بين شيئين	f. scientist who studies outer space

Chek answer:

1-d 2-a 3-f 4-b 5-e 6-c

Form, Meaning and Function

If-Clause: الحالة الثالثة تشير الى مواقف تخيلية فى الماضى

-If he **had studied** hard , he **would have passed** the test.

As If/As Though تشير الى مواقف غير حقيقية / تخيلية

-He talks **as if** he **were** an expert in the field.

They act **as though** they **had not cheated** on the test.

It's High Time/It's About Time + ماضى بسيط

- تشير الى مواقف غير حقيقية / تخيلية ويأتى بعدها ماضى بسيط

It's high time you **found** a job and earned a wage.

It's about time you **thought** about the future.

Inversions الاقلاب

- نبدأ الجملة بالرابط او الظرف ثم الفعل المساعد ثم الفاعل (على شكل سؤال)

Never have I seen something so remarkable.

Not only did they find exquisite paintings, **but** they **also** found furniture when they opened up the tomb.